Psidium guajava

guava



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Appearance: Evergreen shrub or small tree to 9 m (30 ft) tall, with scaly greenish-brown bark and young branches 4-angled, pubescent.

Leaves: Opposite, simple, short-stalked, entire, oval to oblong-elliptic, to 15 cm (6 in) long; pubescent below, with veins impressed above and conspicuously raised below.

Flowers: White, fragrant, to 4 cm (1.6 in) wide; borne singly or a few together at leaf axils; many stamens.

Fruit: An oval or pear-shaped berry, 3–10 cm (1–4 in) long, yellow at maturity; with yellow or dark pink flesh somewhat dull in taste; seeds numerous.

Ecological threat:

Forms thickets and has a serious impact in native forests and open woodlands. Along with the strawberry guava and the Surinam cherry, also serves as a major host for the naturalized Caribbean fruit fly, which occasionally spreads to commercial citrus crops. FLEPPC Category I



Distribution: C, SW, SE

Field Notations
PSIDGUAJ/PSGU

http://plants.ifas.ufl.edu

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